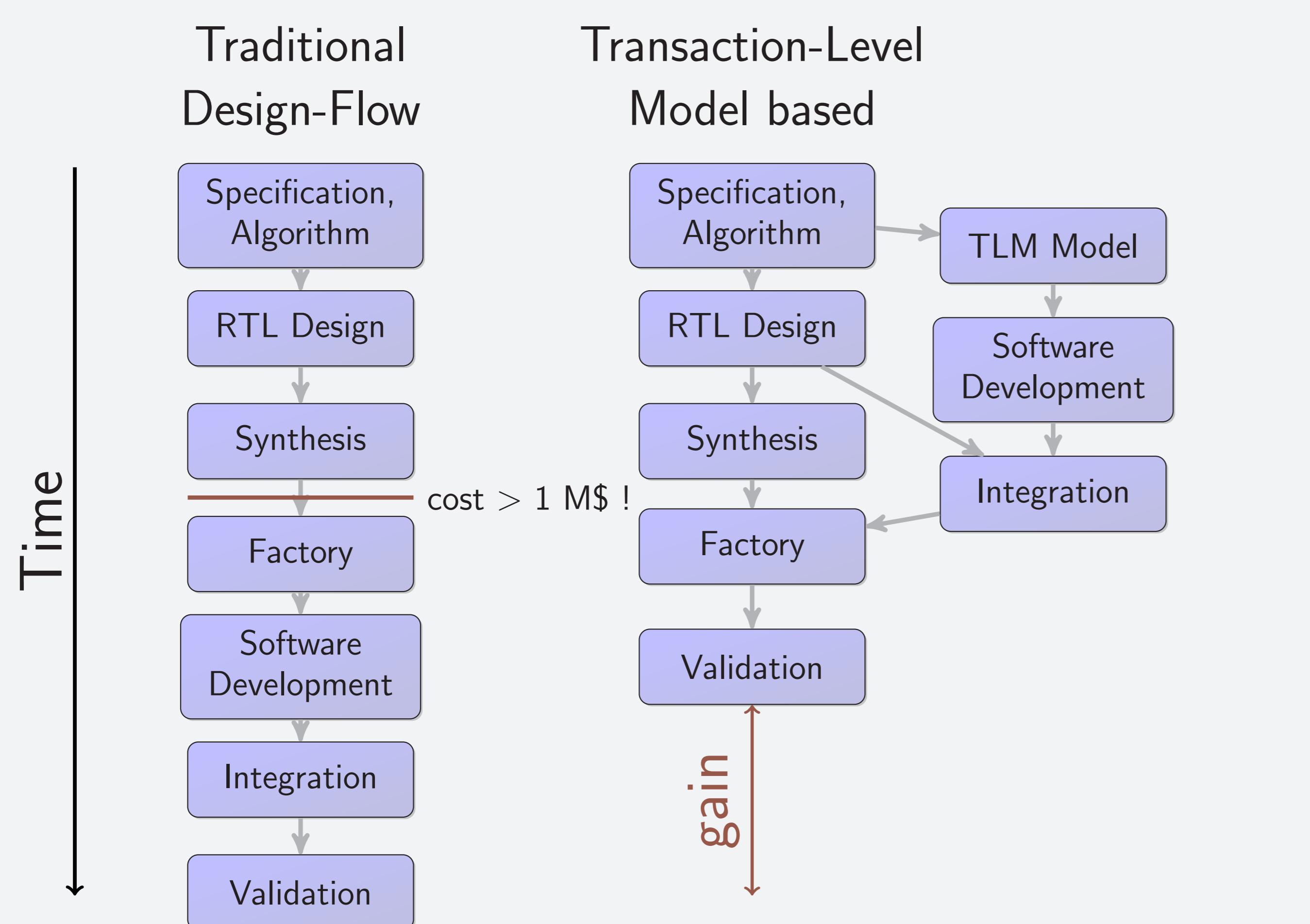
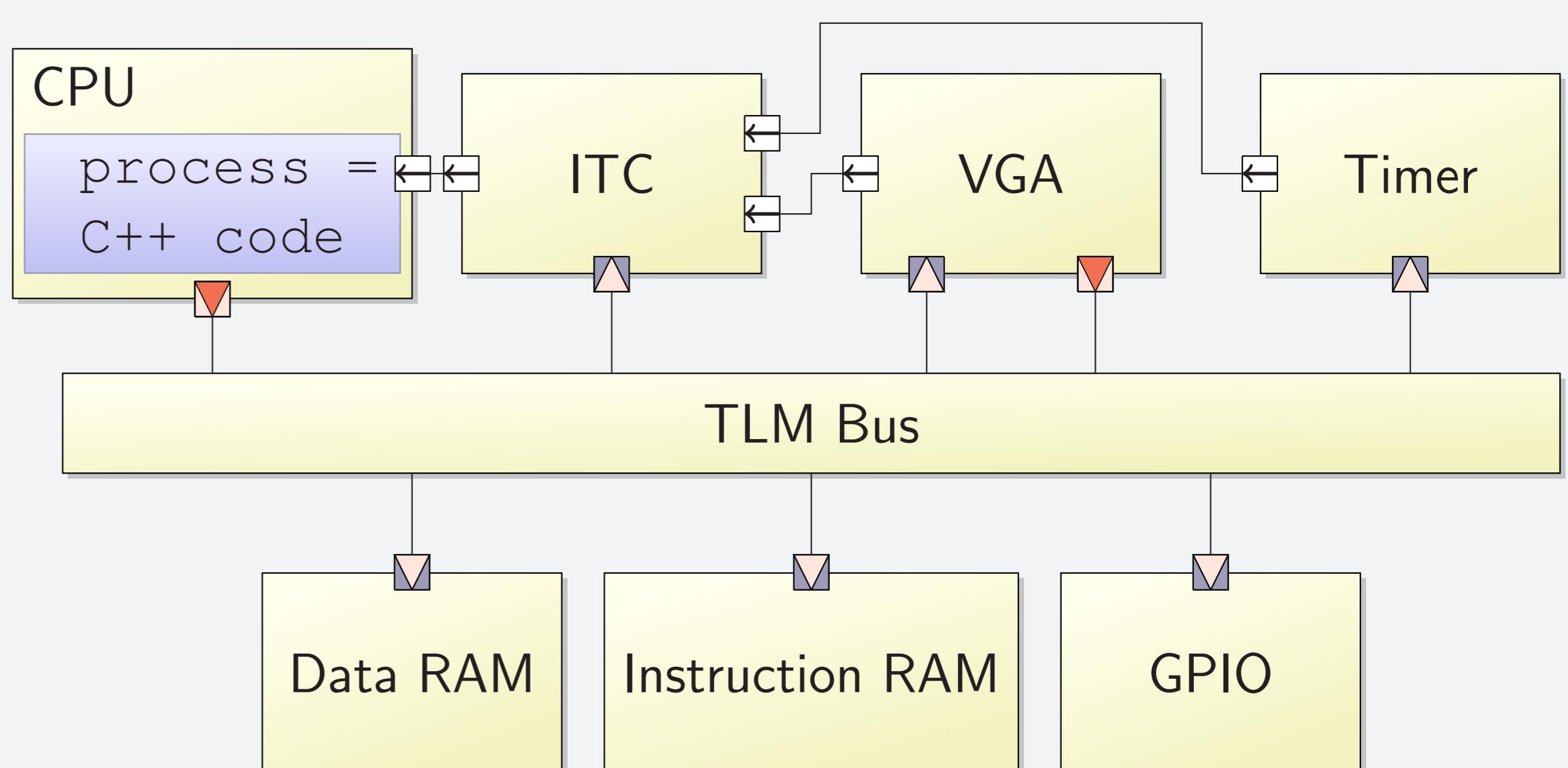


sc-during: Parallel Programming with SystemC for Loosely Timed Models

TLM design-flow



Example



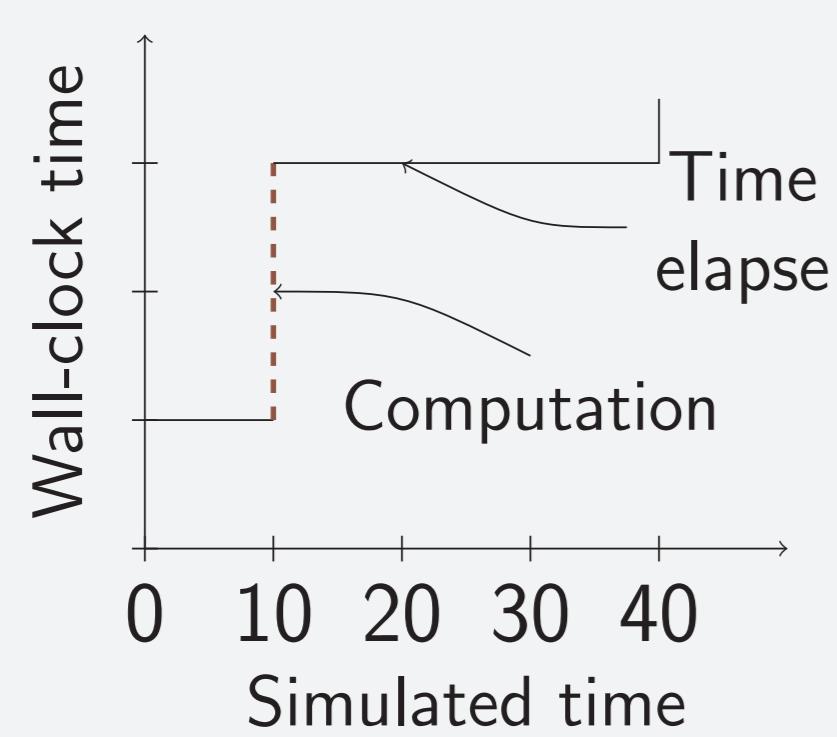
Uses of TLM

- ▶ Early software development
- ▶ Hardware verification
- ▶ Architecture exploration

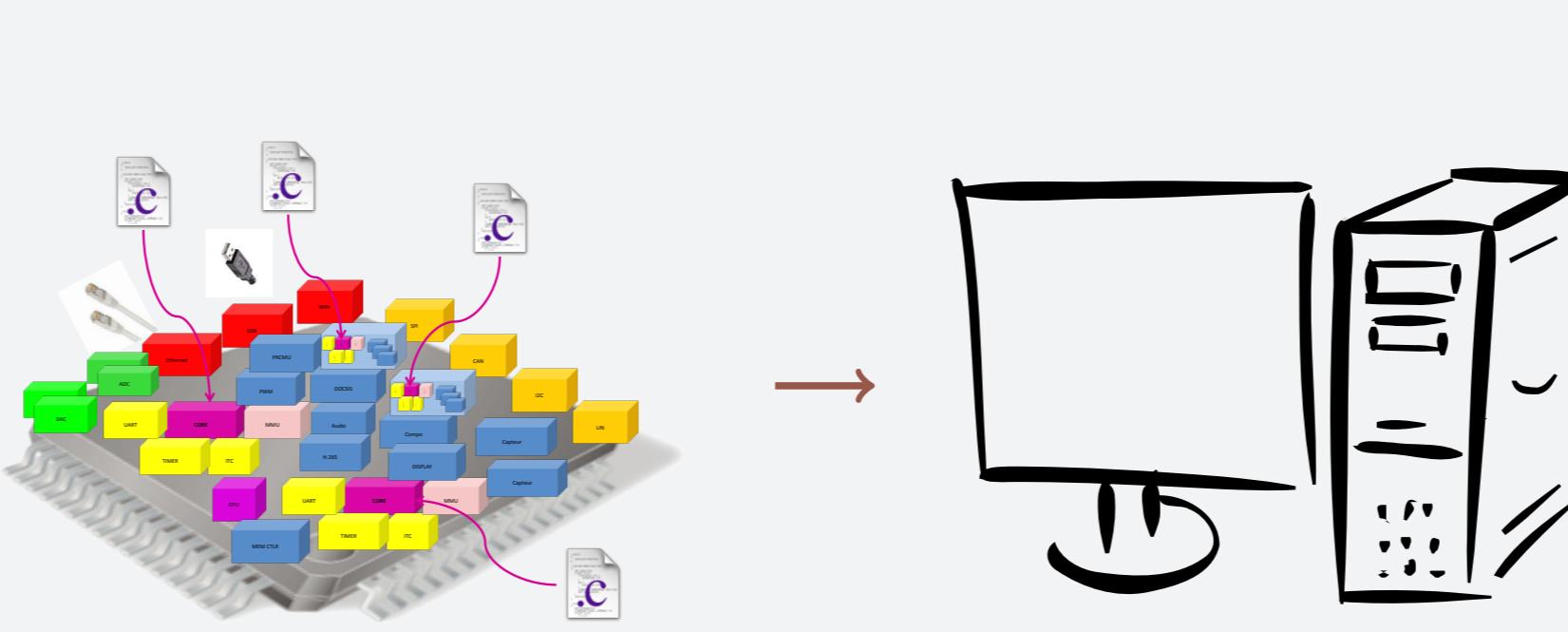
Contents of a model

- ▶ What is needed for software
- ▶ ... and only that

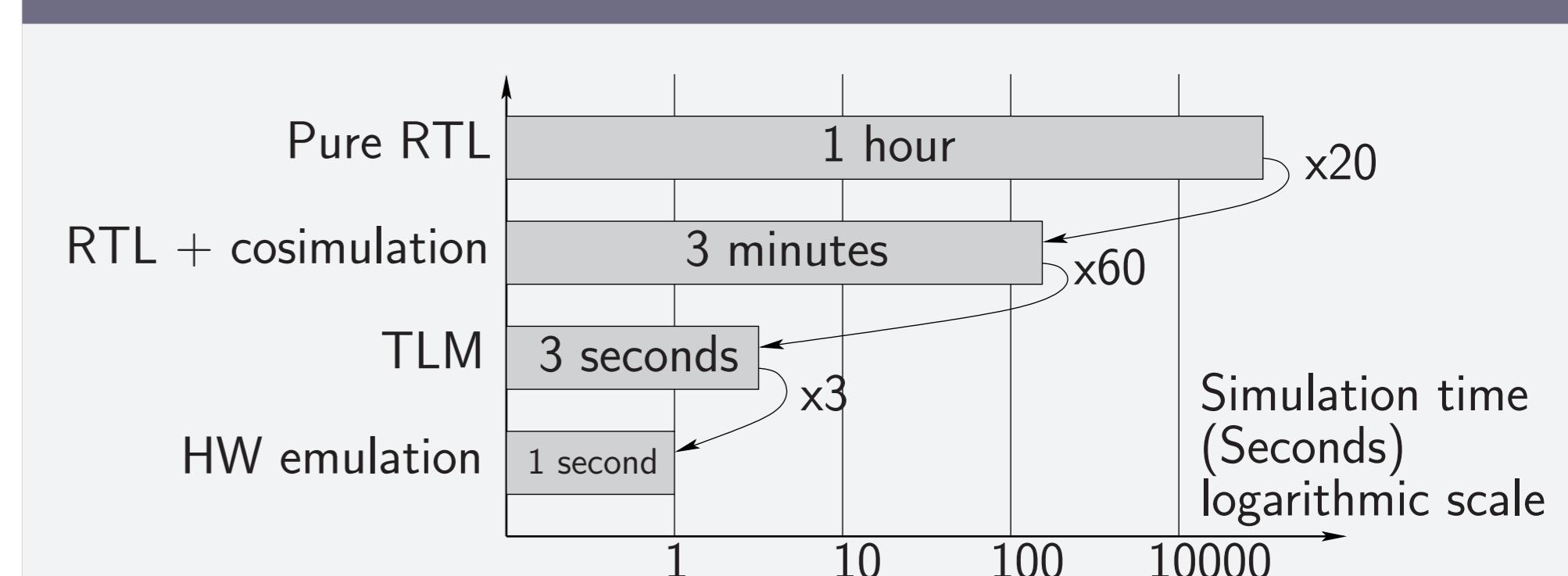
Simulated time



Simulation Parallelism



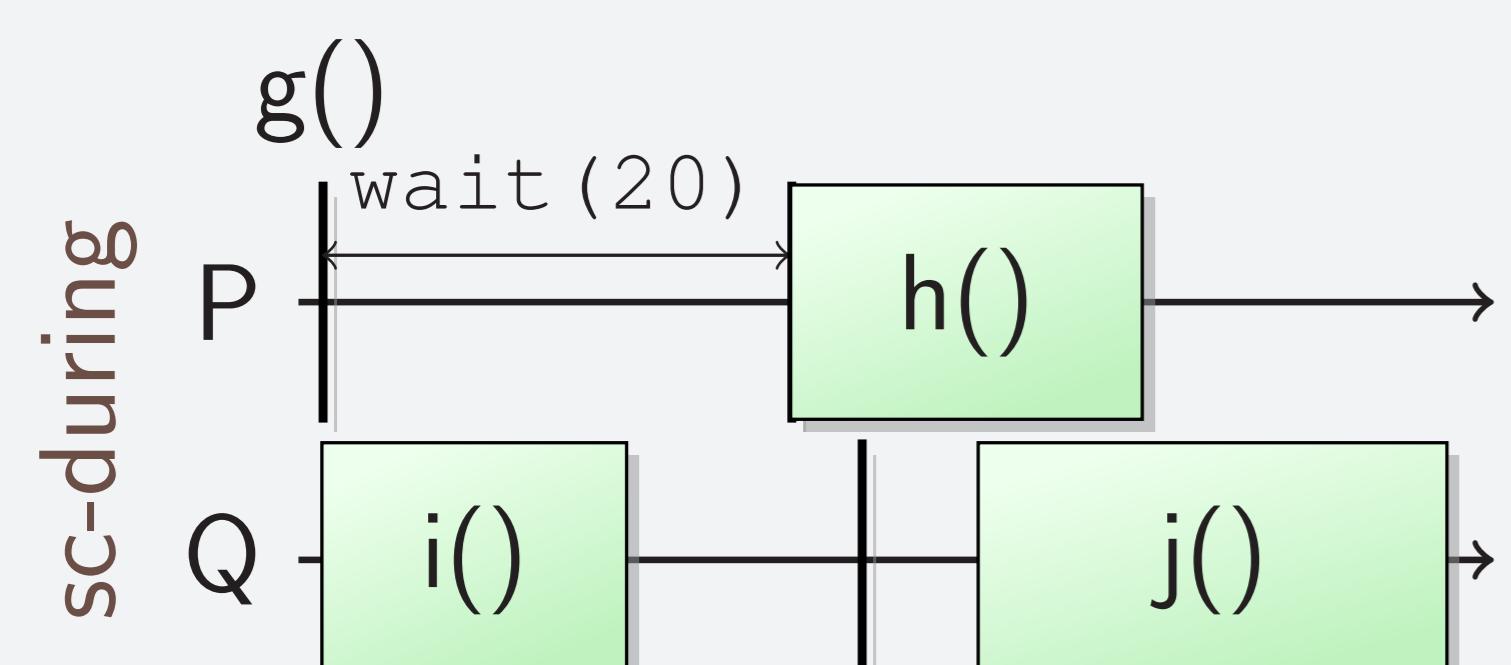
Simulation speed



Tasks with Duration



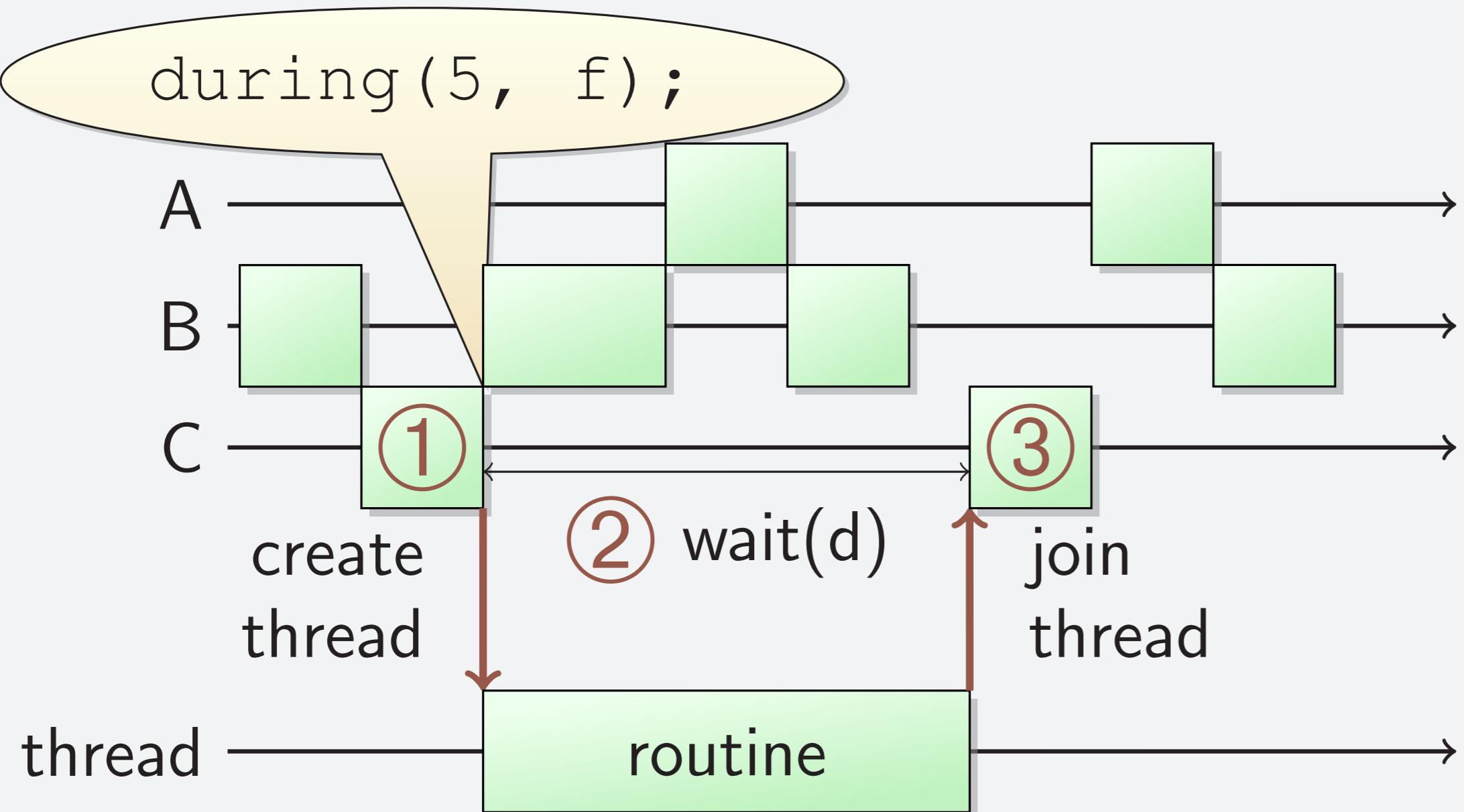
Process A:
// Computation
`f();`
// Time taken by f
`wait(20);`



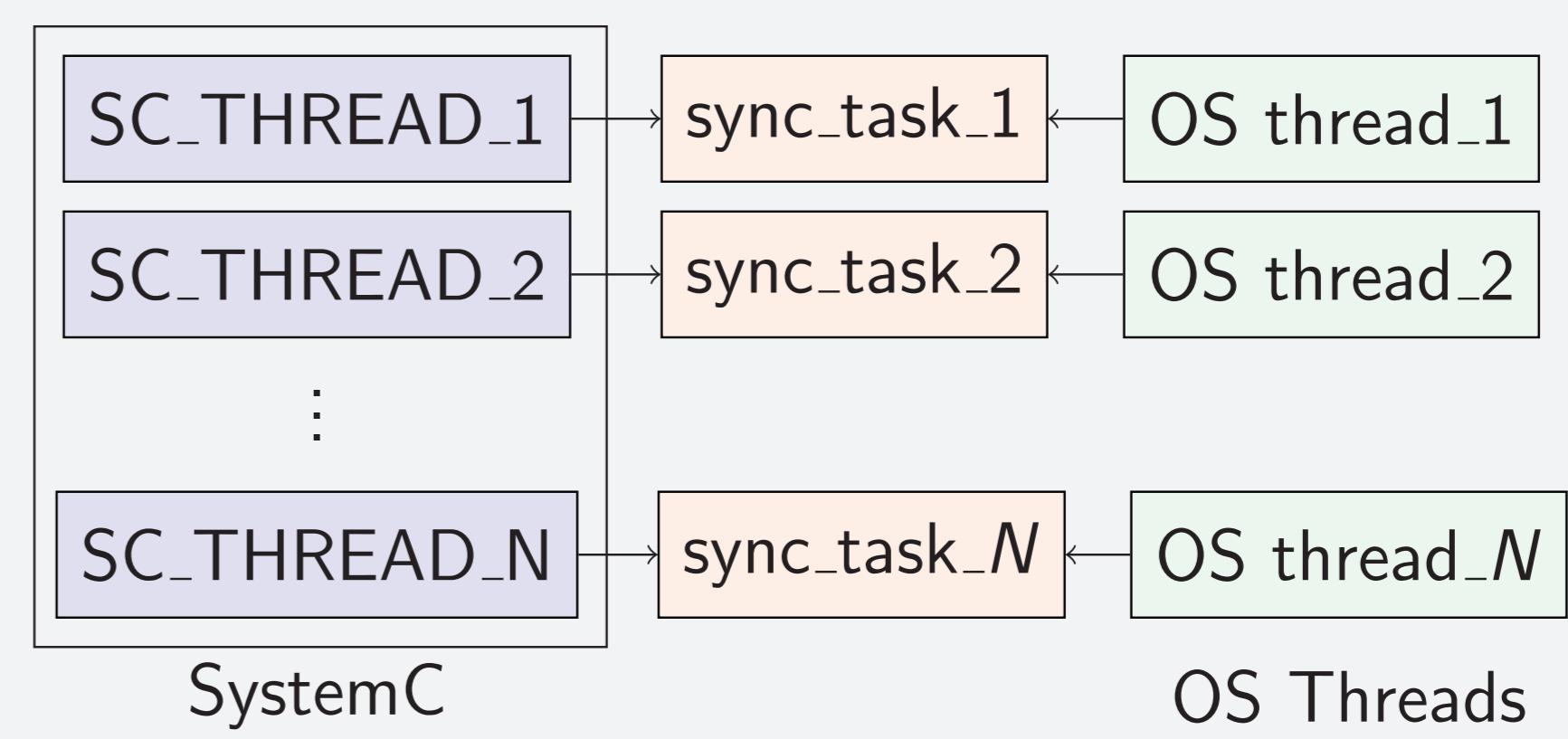
Process P:
`g();`
`wait(20);`
`during(15, h);`
`i();`
`j();`

Sketch of implementation

```
void during(sc_core::sc_time duration,
            std::function<void()> routine) {
    ① std::thread t(routine); // create thread
    ② sc_core::wait(duration); // let SystemC execute
    ③ t.join(); // wait for thread completion
}
```



Processes in SystemC and sc-during



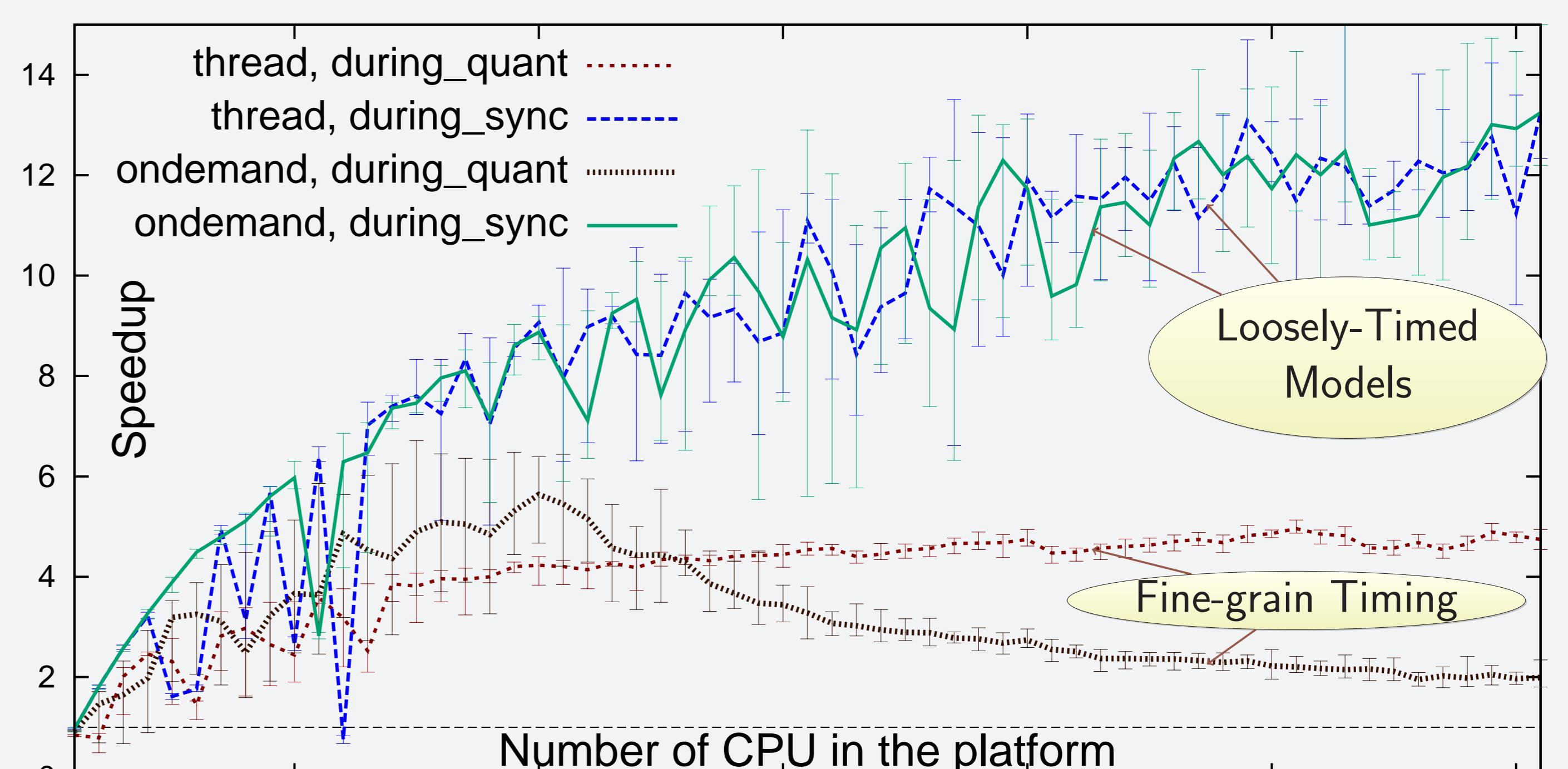
Possible strategies:

SEQ: Sequential (= reference)

THREAD: Thread created/destroyed each time

POOL: Pre-allocated worker threads pool
 ONDEMAND: Thread created on demand and reused later

Results



Test machine has $4 \times 12 = 48$ cores

Try it!

- ▶ Open Source (< 1500 LOC)
- ▶ <http://sc-during.forge.imag.fr/>

